INTENDED USE
The Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) assay is an enzyme-immunoassay (EIA) for the quantitative determination of holotranscobalamin (HoloTC) in human serum. HoloTC (vitamin B₁₂ bound to transcobalamin) is used as an aid in the diagnosis and treatment of vitamin B₁₂ deficiency.

INTRODUCTION
Three binding proteins are involved in the transport of vitamin B₁₂ around the body - Intrinsic Factor (IF), transcobalamin (TC) and haptocorrin (HC). These binding proteins ensure the efficient uptake of the very small amounts of vitamin B₁₂ available from the diet. When TC and HC bind vitamin B₁₂ the resulting complexes are known as holotranscobalamin (HoloTC) and holohaptocorrin (HoloHC) to distinguish them from the proteins carrying no vitamin.

The major fraction in the circulation, HoloHC, represents 70-90% of vitamin B₁₂ in the blood but is biologically inert. HoloTC represents only 10-30% of vitamin B₁₂ circulating in the blood but is the only form of vitamin B₁₂ that can be taken up by cells in the body. The TC protein alone transports vitamin B₁₂ from its site of absorption in the ileum to tissues and cells. The vitamin is then internalised as the HoloTC (vitamin B₁₂ bound to transcobalamin) complex via a specific receptor-mediated uptake. This process delivers vitamin B₁₂ into the cells of the body and provides the vitamin as a co-enzyme for essential cellular functions such as DNA synthesis.

As HoloTC has a shorter circulating half-life compared to HoloHC the earliest change that occurs on entering negative vitamin B₁₂ status is a decrease in HoloTC levels. Several studies have been published which conclude that HoloTC would be a better indicator of vitamin B₁₂ status than Total Serum B₁₂. As expected, HoloTC levels are low in patients with biochemical signs of vitamin B₁₂ deficiency.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY
The microtitre wells are coated with a highly specific monoclonal antibody for Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin). During the first incubation holotranscobalamin in serum specifically binds to the antibody-coated surface. In the second incubation the Conjugate binds to any captured holotranscobalamin. The wells are then washed to remove unbound components. Bound holotranscobalamin is detected by incubation with the Substrate. Addition of Stop Solution terminates the reaction, resulting in a coloured end-product. The concentration of holotranscobalamin in pmol/L is directly related to the colour generated and can be estimated by interpolation from a dose-response curve based on Calibrators.

KIT COMPONENTS

| CONJ | 1 x 15 mL | Alkaline phosphatase-labelled murine monoclonal antibody to human transcobalamin in Tris buffer with protein stabiliser. Preservative: < 0.1% (w/v) sodium azide. Ready-to-use. |
| SUBS | 1 x 15 mL | para-NitroPhenyl Phosphate (pNPP), buffer solution. Ready-to-use. Do not expose to light during storage. N.B. WARNING. |
| SOLN STOP | 1 x 15 mL | 1M Sodium hydroxide, (pH >10). Ready-to-use. N.B. DANGER. |
| BUF WASH 8X | 2 x 25 mL | Phosphate buffer. Preservative: 0.72% (w/v) sodium azide. Dilute before use. N.B. WARNING. |
| MTP 8X12 | 12 x 8 well microtitre (breakapart) strips | Coated with anti-holotranscobalamin murine monoclonal antibody, in a resealable foil pack with desiccant. |
| CAL A - CAL F | 6 x 1.0 mL | Cal A is a phosphate buffer with protein (bovine) stabiliser. Cal B-F are phosphate buffer with protein (bovine) stabiliser containing HoloTC. Preservative: < 0.1% (w/v) sodium azide. Ready-to-use. Do not expose to light during storage. SEE VIALL LABELS FOR CONCENTRATIONS. |
| CONTROL L | 1 x 1.0 mL | Phosphate buffer with protein (bovine) stabiliser containing HoloTC. Preservative: < 0.1% (w/v) sodium azide. Ready-to-use. Do not expose to light during storage. |
| CONTROL H | 1 x 1.0 mL | Phosphate buffer with protein (bovine) stabiliser containing HoloTC. Preservative: < 0.1% (w/v) sodium azide. Ready-to-use. Do not expose to light during storage. |
| PRE-TREATMENT | 1 x 25 mL | Citrate buffer. Preservative: < 0.1% (w/v) sodium azide. Ready-to-use. |
STANDARDISATION
There is currently no internationally recognized reference method or reference material for standardization. The Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) Calibrators are traceable to internal reference standards which underwent a one-time value assignment.

STORAGE OF REAGENTS

Opened (In-Use) Kit Stability
A kit was opened, and reused on three occasions over a three month period with no adverse effect on kit performance. Following use, components must be returned to storage at 2-8°C.

Unopened kit stability
At 2-8°C unopened components are stable until as directed on the labels.

Handling and Procedural Notes
1. Store kit components at 2-8°C and use until the expiry date on the labels. Do not use expired reagents.
2. Each lot of reagents and calibrators has been standardised to produce the correct reaction. Do not interchange the reagents or calibrators between lots.
3. Calibrator concentrations are displayed on vial labels and may vary between lots.
4. Do not freeze kits.
5. Wash Buffer Concentrate must be diluted before use. All other reagents are ready-to-use.
6. Diluted Wash Buffer is stable for at least 3 months if microbial contamination is avoided. Return to 2-8°C storage after each use.
7. Replace surplus (unused) microtitre strips in the foil pack with the desiccant. Ensure seal is integral and return to 2-8°C, until required.
8. Do not expose the Calibrators, Controls or Substrate to light during storage.
9. Avoid contamination of reagents. Use a new disposable pipette tip for each reagent or sample manipulation.

Indications of Deterioration
The Substrate should be colourless to pale yellow in colour. Darker yellow colouring indicates contamination and the reagent must be discarded. Turbidity or precipitation in any component indicates deterioration and the component should be discarded.

Sample Collection and Storage
1. The assay is recommended for human serum (including serum separator tubes).
2. Do not use grossly haemolysed or turbid samples.
3. Thoroughly mix thawed samples before assay and avoid repeated freeze/thawing.
4. Samples may undergo 3 freeze thaw cycles. Thawed samples should be centrifuged at ≥10,000g for 5 minutes before assaying.
5. Do not subject on-the-clot or off-the-clot samples to temperature above room temperature for longer than overnight (< 16 hours).
6. Samples may be stored at 2-8°C on-the-clot for up to 3 days or off-the-clot for four weeks; for longer storage samples must be stored off-the-clot at -20°C for up to 6 months.
7. Prepare each sample prior to assay by adding an equal volume of Pre-Treatment to Sample e.g.150µL sample plus 150µL Pre-Treatment. Pre-treated samples may be stored capped for up to 24 hours at 2-8°C prior to assay.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
For in vitro diagnostic use only. Safety Precautions
1. Adhere strictly to the instructions in this booklet, particularly for handling and storage conditions.
2. Do not pipette by mouth.
3. Do not smoke, eat, drink or apply cosmetics in areas where kits and samples are handled.
4. Any skin complaints, cuts, abrasions and other skin lesions should be suitably protected.
5. The Calibrators, Controls, Conjugate, Pre-Treatment and Wash Buffer Concentrate contain sodium azide which can react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, drain with large quantities of water to prevent azide build-up.
6. The Stop Solution contains sodium hydroxide. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Spillage should be mopped up with copious amounts of water. If contact with skin or eyes occurs, irrigate with water and seek medical attention immediately.
7. Material safety data sheets for all components contained in this kit are available on request from Axis-Shield Diagnostics.
8. This product requires the handling of specimens and materials of human and animal origin. It is recommended that all human and animal sourced materials be considered potentially infectious and be handled in accordance with the OSHA Standard on Bloodborne Pathogens Biosafety Level 2 or other appropriate biosafety practices should be used for materials that contain or are suspected of containing infectious agents.

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.
**Stop Solution**

**WARNING**
H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**PREVENTION**
P264 – Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**RESPONSE**
P305+351+338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Substrate**

**WARNING**
H302 – Harmful if swallowed.
H312 – Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 – Harmful if inhaled.

**PREVENTION**
P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**RESPONSE**
P301+310 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
P304+340 – Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 – Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Wash Buffer Concentrate (8X)**

**WARNING**
H302 – Harmful if swallowed.
H312 – Harmful in contact with skin.
EUH032 – Contact with acids liberates very toxic gases.

**PREVENTION**
P264 – Wash hands thoroughly before handling.
P270 – Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 – Avoid release to the environment.

**RESPONSE**
P301+310 – IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P330 – Rinse mouth.

**PREPARATION**

**Materials/Equipment Required but not Provided**

1. 96 well plate/strip reader with 405nm filter.
2. Precision pipette(s) to dispense 100 µL. An 8-channel dispenser, or similar, to dispense approximately 250-300 µL for manual washing (for example the StatMatic 8-channel dispenser from Tricontinent).
3. Glass/plastic measuring cylinder 1×200 mL.
4. Distilled/deionised water.
5. Paper towels.
6. Timer for 30, 35 and 60 minute intervals.

**Preparation for the Assay**

Allow all kit components, including the microtitre strips, to warm up to 18-25°C for 30-60 minutes before use. Mix reagents by gentle inversion.

When stored at 2-8°C the wash buffer will precipitate (crystals may be visible). Before diluting in water, allow the wash buffer to warm up (can be placed in an incubator at 37°C if required to speed the process) until NO precipitation is evident to the naked eye.

Dilute the following reagent and mix thoroughly:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Add</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wash Buffer Concentrate x 8</td>
<td>1 vial</td>
<td>175 mL distilled/deionised water</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculate the number of microtitre strips required for the current assay and retain these in the microtitre strip holder. Return surplus strips to the resealable foil pack with the desiccant and store at 2-8°C until required. Ensure that all strips are securely held within the microtitre strip holder. Users may wish to number each strip along the top edge to aid identification. Retain the microtitre strip holder for future use.

Prepare each sample prior to assay by adding an equal volume of Pre-Treatment to sample e.g.150 µL sample plus 150µL Pre-Treatment. Pre-treated samples may be stored capped for up to 24 hours at 2-8°C prior to assay.
ASSAY PROTOCOL
1. Reference wells for identification.
2. Pipette 100 µL Calibrators in duplicate, Kit Controls in duplicate and pre-treated (50:50) patient samples in duplicate, into appropriate wells. Remember to change pipette tips between additions. This step should not exceed 15 minutes.
3. Incubate 60±10 minutes at 18-25°C.
4. Decant strip contents by quick inversion over a sink suitable for the disposal of biological materials, bearing in mind the potential infective hazard of the samples. Blot inverted strips well with paper towels. Do not wash.
5. Add 100 µL Conjugate to each well.
6. Incubate 35±5 minutes at 18-25°C.
7. Decant strip contents by quick inversion over a sink suitable for the disposal of biological materials. Blot inverted strips well with paper towels.
8. Wash wells five times with a minimum of 250 µL diluted Wash Buffer. Decant and blot after each wash addition.
9. Add 100 µL Substrate to each well.
10. Incubate 30±5 minutes at 18-25°C. Do not decant.
11. Add 100 µL Stop Solution to each well, in the same order and rate as the Substrate. Tap wells gently to mix.
12. Read strips at 405nm. Read within 120 minutes of addition of Stop Solution.

CALCULATION and interpretation OF RESULTS
Plot the mean absorbance value of each Calibrator on the y-axis against the corresponding concentration in pmol/L on the x-axis. Calibrator concentrations are displayed on vial labels. CONCENTRATION VALUES ARE ASSIGNED TO EACH LOT OF CALIBRATORS and may vary between lots.

The concentration (pmol/L) of each sample can be calculated by locating the point on the curve corresponding to the mean sample absorbance value and reading the corresponding concentration in pmol/L from the x-axis. This procedure can be performed manually using graph paper or using a plate reader with software incorporating curve fitting procedures. If using a plate reader with internal software, a linear regression curve-fit algorithm should be used.

A typical calibration plot is shown below for reference purposes, it must not be used for interpreting results. Samples with concentrations above 128 pmol/L are outside the range of the assay, and should be recorded as >128pmol/L and results must not be extrapolated. Individual sample replicates deviating less than 20% can be taken to indicate acceptability of the assay.

RESULTS
Unit of Measure
The unit of measurement for the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) assay is pmol/L.
Measuring Interval (Reportable Range)
The measureable range of the assay is 10 pmol/L to 128 pmol/L.

QUALITY CONTROL
Ensure that adequate maintenance and calibration of the plate-reader is performed according to the manufacturer's instructions, and that the correct wavelength (405nm) and curve-fit algorithm (linear regression) are employed.
Users should ensure they are fully acquainted with the instructions for the assay, particularly the Warnings and Precautions section, and the Handling and Procedural Notes. Users should demonstrate that they can obtain performance specifications for precision and reportable range of test results comparable to those established by the manufacturer before reporting patient test results. Ready-to-use Low and High Kit Controls must be run in duplicate in all assays to monitor the quality of the test procedure.
Assuming the precision specifications described by the manufacturer are met, failure of any Control to meet the Control specifications below renders the assay invalid and patient results should not be reported. The operator may repeat the assay, having reviewed their procedure, or contact the manufacturer. If repeating the assay, prepare a fresh dilution of each sample. Laboratories may wish to include in-house controls in each assay run. Store such control material at or below -20°C and avoid repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Preservatives such as sodium azide at <0.1% (w/v) will not affect sample results. Reference ranges and appropriate cut-off points should be calculated for the specific populations served by users.

**EXPECTED VALUES**
135 serum samples from asymptomatic apparently healthy donors with an age range of 18-75 years, comprising approximately equal numbers of males [n = 65] and females [n = 70], were tested in the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA. The overall mean Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) concentration for this population was 72 pmol/L (range 15 to 147 pmol/L).

On the basis of this reference population data, the reference range (central 95% of the results) is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21 – 123 pmol/L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This reference range is suggested as a guideline only and each laboratory should establish its own reference range which may be unique to the population it serves depending upon geographical, patient, dietary or environmental factors or clinical practice.

**PERFORMANCE DATA**
Representative data; results in individual laboratories may vary.

**Dilution Linearity**
Based guidance from CLSI document EP6-A10, the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA demonstrated linearity across the measuring range of the assay as demonstrated in a study from 5.3 to 156.0 pmol/L (rounded to 1 decimal place).

**Accuracy**
A correlation study was performed with serum specimens from apparently healthy adults. All specimens were analysed using the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA and another commercially available Holotranscobalamin assay according to the CLSI document EP9-A211. Specimen concentrations ranged from 13.8 to 112.6 pmol/L in the assay. The data obtained gave the following statistical values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA versus a commercially available assay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of specimens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slope of regression line (Passing-Bablok regression) (95% CI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y-intercept (Passing-Bablok regression) (95% CI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Correlation coefficient (r) (Pearson) (95% CI)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Precision**
6 human serum samples were assayed at Axis-Shield using 3 lots of reagents. Samples were assayed by 2 operators in replicates of 8, once a day for 5 days (total n=80). Data from this study are summarised in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample</th>
<th>n</th>
<th>Lot</th>
<th>Operator</th>
<th>Mean (pmol/L)</th>
<th>Intra-assay %CV</th>
<th>Total %CV</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 A</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>17.8</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 A</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>8.7%</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 A</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>28.8</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>31.0</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>31.4</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 A</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>52.6</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>50.8</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>52.6</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Limit of Blank
In a representative study, Limit of Blank determinations were performed using two low-level holotranscobalamin samples and two reagent lots (120 replicates per reagent lot). The limit of blank of the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA was found to be 4.9 pmol/L (rounded to 1 decimal place).

Limit of Detection
In a representative study, Limit of Detection determinations were performed using five low-level holotranscobalamin samples and two reagent lots (120 replicates per reagent lot). The limit of blank of the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA was found to be 8.1 pmol/L (rounded up to 1 decimal place).

Limit of Quantitation
Limit of quantitation determinations were performed using five low-level holotranscobalamin samples and two reagent lots (120 replicates per reagent lot). The limit of quantification of the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA was found to be 8.3 pmol/L (rounded to 1 decimal place).

High Dose Hook
High dose hook is a phenomenon whereby very high level specimens may read within the dynamic range of the assay. For the Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA. No high dose hook effect was detected with two samples with a concentration of approximately 419 and 2236 pmol/L.

Cross-reactivity
The Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA is designed to have a maximum deviation in holotranscobalamin concentration of ≤10% in the presence of apotranscobalamin or haptocorrin. A study was performed based on guidance from the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) document EP7-A212. Three samples with holotranscobalamin levels across the assay range were supplemented with 500 pmol/L apotranscobalamin or 5000 pmol/L haptocorrin. The maximum deviation in holotranscobalamin concentration ranged from -5% to 1%.

Interference
The Axis-Shield Active-B12 (Holotranscobalamin) EIA is designed to have a maximum deviation in holotranscobalamin concentration of ≤10% in the presence of potentially interfering compounds. A study was performed based on guidance from the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) document EP7-A212. Samples with holotranscobalamin levels across the assay range were supplemented with the potentially interfering compounds listed in the table below. The maximum deviation in holotranscobalamin concentration ranged from −10% to 8%.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential Interfering Substance</th>
<th>No interference found up to the following concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Haemoglobin</td>
<td>500 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bilirubin</td>
<td>30 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triglyceride (Intralipid Solution)</td>
<td>3000 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rheumatoid Factor</td>
<td>7500 IU/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Protein</td>
<td>9000 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REFERENCES

KEY TO SYMBOLS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IVD</th>
<th>In vitro diagnostic medical device</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REF</td>
<td>Catalogue number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOT</td>
<td>Lot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>96 tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚠️</td>
<td>Caution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔴</td>
<td>Consult instructions for use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚠️</td>
<td>Protect from Light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🥤</td>
<td>Use by</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📡</td>
<td>Store at 2-8°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Only</td>
<td>For Prescription Use Only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| CONTROL L | Low Control |
| CONTROL H | High Control |
| CONJ      | Conjugate   |
| SUBS      | Substrate   |
| SOLN STOP | Stop Solution |
| PRE-TREATMENT | Pre-Treatment |
| BUF WASH  | Wash Buffer |
| 8X        | Microtitre (Breakapart) Strips |
| MTP 8 x 12| Calibrators A to F |
| CAL A - F | Manufactured by |

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